

Cartesian Heat Equation 2D

Solving the Equation

Boundary Condition

```
In[49]:= v[t_] := 2;
```

Thermal Diffusivity Constant

```
In[50]:= k = 1;
```

Finding the solution to the equation with conditions:

```
In[51]:= solution = NDSolve[{
  D[u[x, y, t], t] == k * (D[u[x, y, t], x, x] + D[u[x, y, t], y, y]),
  (*Heat Equation in Cartesian*)
  u[x, y, 0] == 0, (*Initial Condition*)
  u[0, y, t] == 0, (*Left Side Boundary Condition*)
  u[1, y, t] == v[t], (*Right Side*)
  u[x, 0, t] == 0, (*Lower Side*)
  u[x, 1, t] == 0}, (*Upper Side*)
  u[x, y, t], {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1}, {t, 0, 10}, MaxStepSize -> 0.01];
```

```
distribution[x_, y_, t_] = First[u[x, y, t] /. solution];
```

... **NDSolve:** Warning: boundary and initial conditions are inconsistent.

... **NDSolve:** Warning: scaled local spatial error estimate of 35.75439300084772` at t = 10.` in the direction of independent variable x is much greater than the prescribed error tolerance. Grid spacing with 100 points may be too large to achieve the desired accuracy or precision. A singularity may have formed or a smaller grid spacing can be specified using the MaxStepSize or MinPoints method options.

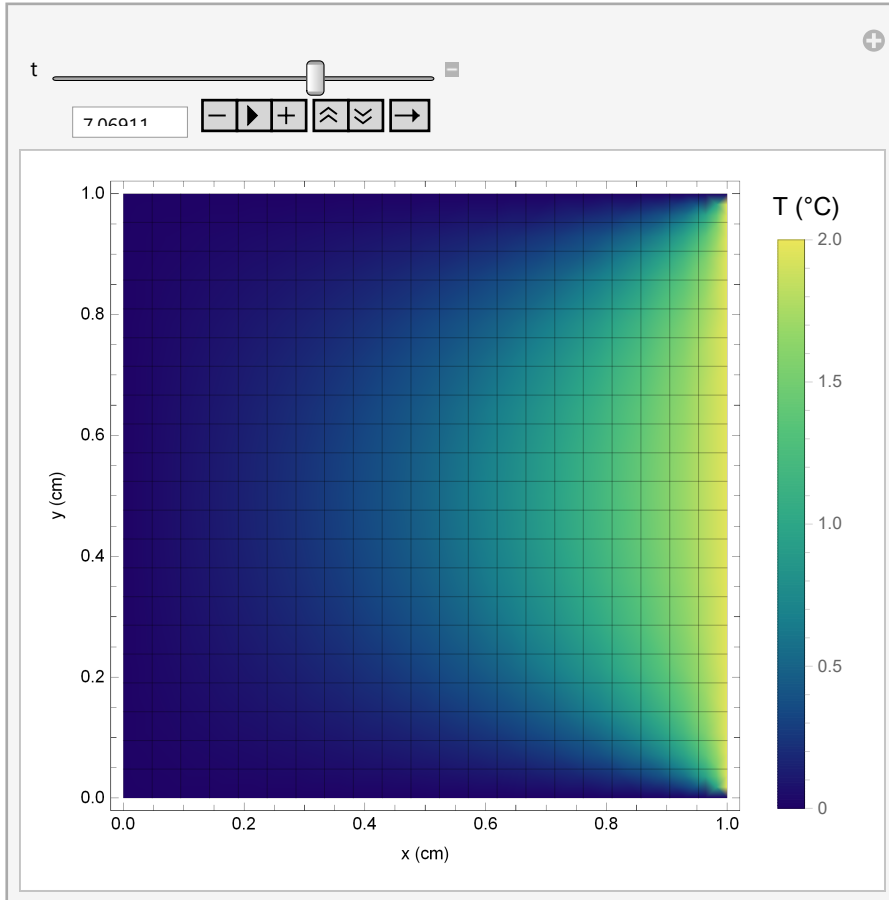
Visualizing the Solution:

```

In[55]:= Manipulate[
  DensityPlot[distribution[x, y, t],
    {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1}, Mesh → 20, FrameLabel → {"x (cm)", "y (cm)"},
    ColorFunction → "BlueGreenYellow", ColorFunctionScaling → True,
    PlotLegends → BarLegend[Automatic, LegendMarkerSize → 320, LegendLabel → "T (°C)"],
    PerformanceGoal → "Quality"], {t, 0, 10}]

```

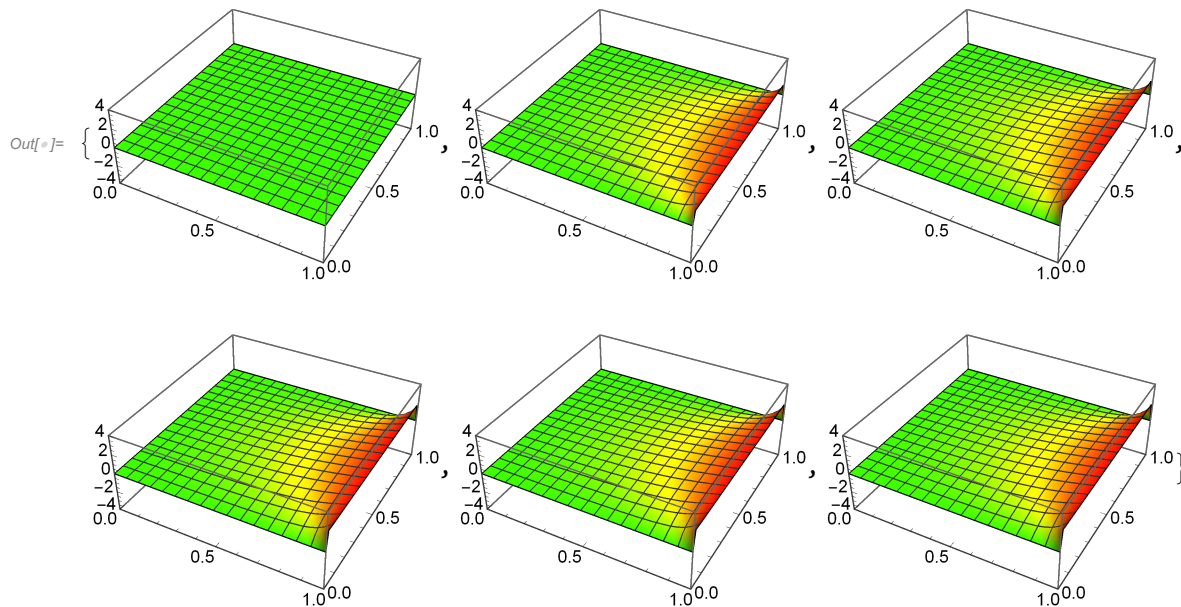
Out[55]=



```

In[ ]:= a = Table[Plot3D[-First[u[x, y, t] /. solution],
  {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1}, Mesh → 15, PlotRange → {{0, 1}, {0, 1}, {-4, 4}},
  ColorFunction → Function[{x, y, z}, Hue[.3 (1 - z)]]], {t, 0, 5}]

```



```

In[54]:= Manipulate[Plot3D[-distribution[x, y, t], {x, 0, 1},
  {y, 0, 1}, Mesh → 15, PlotRange → {{0, 1}, {0, 1}, {-4, 4}},
  ColorFunction → Function[{x, y, z}, Hue[.3 (1 - z)]]], {t, 0, 10}]

```

